

# Income Tax Return for Pass-Through Entities and Composite Filing for Nonresidents

# Booklet Includes: Instructions, Form 106 and Related Forms

Use this guide to electronically file your return for free using Revenue Online at www.Colorado.gov/RevenueOnline or using private e-file software. Only mail the paper form if you are not able to electronically file the return for any reason. Please note that filing on paper can increase return errors and delay refunds. All forms in this booklet may be photocopied.

Partnerships, S corporations, LLCs, LPs, LLPs, LLLPs, and Associations with nonresident members can opt to file a composite return for those members. Complete lines 11-27 of Form 106 to pay the tax on the Colorado source income.

- No other forms must be completed.
- No special election or signature is required by the member for inclusion.
- Members do not have to file a Colorado individual return.

In lieu of a composite return, there are two other options that pass-through entities can use to meet the nonresident member filing requirements. However, these options require additional forms and cannot be used if the member will not be filing a Colorado individual return.



Manage your account File and pay online Get started with Revenue Online today! www.Colorado.gov/RevenueOnline





DR 0107 (07/31/15)
COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
Denver, CO 80261-0006
www.TaxColorado.com

# **Colorado Nonresident Partner, Shareholder or Member Agreement**

				Day (DD)	Month (MM)	Year (YYYY)		Day (DD)	Month (MM)	Year (YYYY)
Taxable Year of Pass-Through Entity		Beginning:				Ending:				
				Day (DD)	Month (MM)	Year (YYYY)		Day (DD)	Month (MM)	Year (YYYY)
Taxable Year of Partner, Shareholder	or Meml	ber	Beginning:				Ending:			
Name and Address of Nonresident partner or Shareholder or Member			Name and Address of Pass-Through Entity					ity		
Last Name	,			Last Nam	ie		,		,	
First Name Middle Initial		e Initial	First Name Middle Initial			tial				
Street or Mailing Address		Street or Mailing Address								
City	State	Zip		City				State	Zip	
SSN	FEIN			Colorado	Account N	lumber		FEIN		
I agree to file a Colorado income tax return and make timely payment of all taxes imposed by the state of Colorado with respect to my share of the Colorado income of the pass-through entity named above. I also agree to be subject to personal jurisdiction in the state of Colorado for purposes of the collection of unpaid income tax together with related penalties and interest. I furthermore understand that this agreement is binding for as long as I am a member of the aforementioned partnership.										
Taxpayer's or authorized agent's signature								Date (MM/	DD/YY)	
Subm	it this a	gree	ment when	filing th	e Color	ado Form	106			

A nonresident partner, shareholder, or member can complete this form DR 0107 to establish that they will report the Colorado source income and pay the Colorado tax on any income derived from a Colorado partnership.

This form shall be delivered by the nonresident partner to the partnership, which shall later be submitted by the partnership with Form 106. This form need only to be filed with the Department for the year in which the agreement is made.

See the instructions for Nonresident Partners/Shareholders/Members in the 106 Booklet and publication FYI Income 54 for more information.

DR 0108 (07/31/15)
COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
www.TaxColorado.com

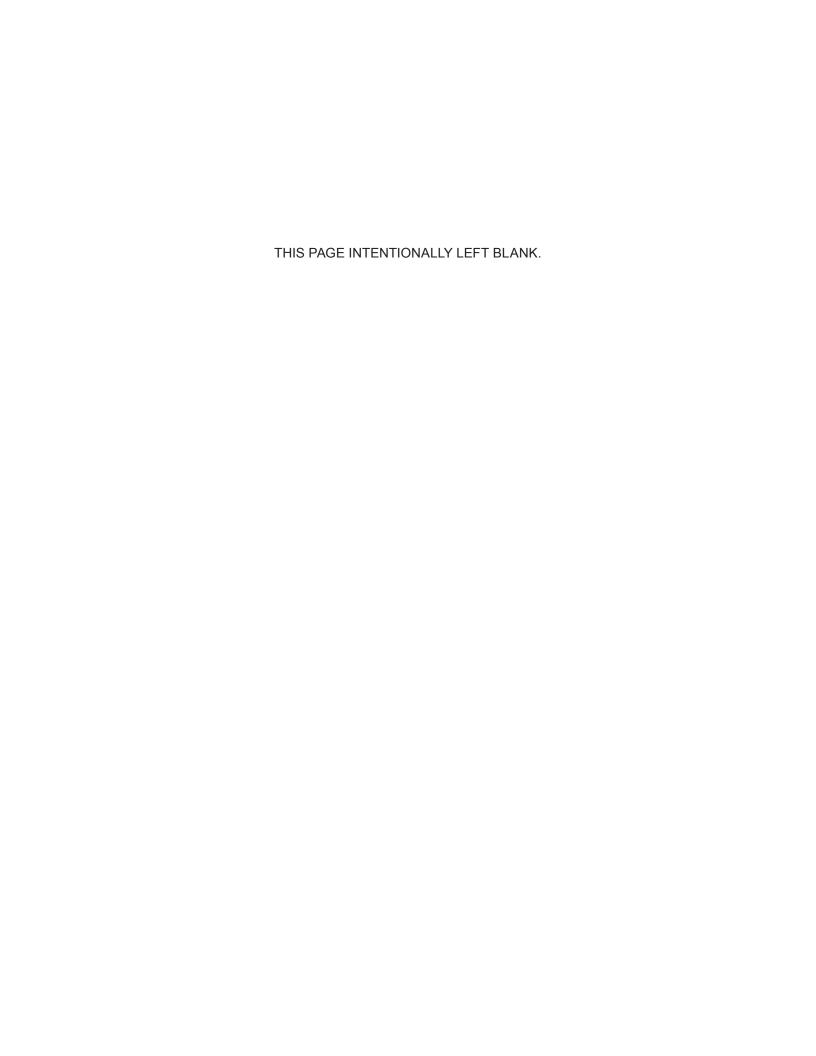
# 2015 Statement of Colorado Tax Remittance for Nonresident Partner, Shareholder or Member

In general, partnerships should remit withholding for their nonresident partners. However, if a composite return is filed to include such nonresident partner/shareholder the withholding is not required. Nonresident partner withholding is due on the 15th day of the fourth month following the end of the taxable year.

See the instructions for Nonresident Partners/Shareholders/ Members in the 106 Booklet for more information. Please note, a MAXIMUM of fifty (50) DR 108 forms may be submitted with a single payment. DO NOT remit one payment via EFT or check and request the Department to allocate funds to more than 50 nonresident partners. Furthermore, the DR 108 totals must exactly match the payments, or the Department WILL NOT transfer the funds on behalf of the partnership.

DR 0108 (07/31/15)

Return this form with check or money order payab 0008. Enter on form DR 0108 the name and Social member who will ultimately claim this payment. Do with this form.	al Security num	ber or FEIN	of the nonresid	dent p	oartne	er, shareholder or	
Last name of nonresident partner, shareholder or member	First Name		Middle Initi	al Sh	arehol	der is (mark one):	
SSN	FEIN					Individual (SSN)	
Address						Estate or Trust (FEIN)	ı
City	State ZIP					r a C-Corporation S-Corp / LLC	1
Name of Pass-Through Entity			Colorado Accour	t Num	ber		
Address			FEIN				
City					State	ZIP	
If No Payment Is Due, Do Not File This Form.		1. Colorado-sourc	e income for				
The State may convert your check to a one time electronic banking transaction. Your bank account may be debited as early as the same day received by the State. If converted, your check will not be returned.		2. Colorado tax remitted, 4.63% of		\$		.00	)
If your check is rejected due to insufficient or uncollected funds, the Department of Revenue may collect the payment amount directly from your bank account electronically.				\$		.00	)



## Form 106 Instructions

This filing guide will assist you with completing this Colorado Income Tax Return. Once you finish the form, file it with a computer, smartphone, or tablet using our free and secure Revenue Online service at

www.Colorado.gov/RevenueOnline Or, you may file using private e-file software or with a tax preparer. By filing your return electronically, you significantly reduce the chance of errors and you will receive your refund much faster. If you cannot file electronically for any reason, mail the enclosed forms as instructed.

Please read through this guide before starting your return. All Colorado forms and publications referenced in this guide are available for download at <a href="https://www.TaxColorado.com">www.TaxColorado.com</a> the official Taxation Web site.

Any partnership, joint venture, common trust fund, limited association, pool or working agreement, limited liability company or any other combination of persons or interests, that is required to file a federal partnership return of income, must file a Colorado Form 106 if any of the partnership income is from Colorado sources.

An S corporation must file Form 106 for any year it is doing business in Colorado. An S corporation will be deemed to be doing business in Colorado if it is engaged in any activities in Colorado which are beyond the protection afforded by Public Law 86-272.

An S corporation is a corporation for which a valid election is in effect under section 1363(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. If a corporation is an S corporation for federal income tax purposes it is an S corporation for Colorado income tax purposes. S corporations are not subject to Colorado income tax.

A change or correction on your return must be reported on a corrected Form 106 on Revenue Online. If filing on paper, mark the Amended Return box at the top of the corrected Form 106. The corrected form must include all required schedules even if the schedule was submitted with the original return and has not changed.

When used in this instruction booklet or on the partnership forms, the term partnership includes limited liability companies filing as partnerships for federal income tax purposes, and the term partner includes members of such limited liability companies.

## **Due Dates For Filing Return**

The return is due to be filed the fifteenth day of the fourth month after the close of the tax year, or after the automatic six-month extension if applicable. See the extension payment instructions for further information. Calendar year 2015 returns are due on April 18, 2016.

# Nonresident Partners/Shareholders/ Members

The pass-through entity is required to ensure that its nonresident partners, shareholders or members satisfy their Colorado income tax liabilities resulting from the Colorado- source income earned by the pass-through entity. This is accomplished in one of three ways:

- File a composite return on behalf of the nonresident members. The tax due on the composite filing shall be 4.63% of the Colorado-source income of the partners, shareholders or members included in the composite return.
- Provide a completed form DR 0107 for each nonresident partner, shareholder or member establishing that they will file a Colorado income tax return. The partnership or S corporation is responsible for collecting each form DR 0107 and submitting them to the Department.
- Provide a completed form DR 0108 for each nonresident partner, shareholder or member. Withhold 4.63% of each nonresident partner, shareholder or member's Colorado source income and submit the payment with form DR 0108. A separate form DR 0108 must be submitted for each partner, shareholder or member for whom a payment is made.

You must indicate in Column 4 of Part III which of these three filing requirements has been elected by each nonresident partner, shareholder or member. Refer to publication FYI Income 54 for additional information on composite filing, the agreement to file form DR 0107, and the withholding form DR 0108.

Information, FYI Publications and forms are available at www.TaxColorado.com

#### **Declaration of Estimated Tax**

Estimated payments are required if the tax attributable to any partner, shareholder or member included in a composite return is expected to exceed \$1,000. Such estimated payments should be remitted with Form 106EP.

#### **Distributions**

Colorado modifications and credits from Form 106CR, if any, may be distributed to shareholders on their stock ownership percentage and to partners on their distributive share percentage. Advise each Colorado resident partner, shareholder or member of their share of the pass-through entity modifications and credits. Advise each resident shareholder of their share of any income tax paid to other states by the corporation so they can compute the credit for tax paid other states.

## Apportionment of Income

A pass-through entity doing business in more than one state must apportion its Colorado source income to any states in which the entity is doing business. This ensures income is reported to the state in which the income is earned and taxable. See publication FYI Income 59 for details regarding the following apportionment methods.

#### **Partnerships**

Income is generally apportioned in one of two ways:

- · Single-sales factor
- Colorado—source income of nonresident individuals method

#### S Corporations

Income is generally apportioned using the single sales method.

**Not Apportioning Income** — A pass-through entity doing business only in Colorado will source 100% of its income to Colorado.

Single Sales Factor — All business income must be apportioned using the single-sales factor. Nonbusiness income may either be directly allocated to the appropriate state or treated as business income, subject to the single sales factor apportionment. Complete and attach Part IV to your return if you are apportioning income using the single sales factor apportionment method.

Colorado Source Income of Nonresident—Colorado source income apportioned under §39-22-109, C.R.S., is computed by including income that is determined to be from Colorado sources. Attach a schedule to Form 106 explaining how Colorado source income was determined. Modifications may be sourced to Colorado only to the extent that the income to which they relate is sourced to Colorado.

# **Completing Form 106**

#### Income

**Line 1** Enter the ordinary income or (loss) from line 1 of federal Schedule K.

Line 2 Enter the total of all other income listed on federal Schedule K. For partnerships, this would be the total of the amounts entered on lines 2, 3, 4, 5, 6a, 7, 8, 9a, 10 and 11 of federal Schedule K. For S corporations, this would be the total of the amounts entered on lines 2, 3, 4, 5a, 6, 7, 8a, 9 and 10 of federal Schedule K. Also include any gain from the sale of assets subject to section 179 that is not reported on Schedule K.

#### **Modifications and Deductions**

**Line 3** Enter the Colorado modifications that increase federal income.

Enter any interest income (net of premium amortization) from state or municipal obligations subject to tax by Colorado. Do not include interest from obligations issued by the State of Colorado or a subdivision thereof.

Line 5 Enter the allowable deductions from federal Schedule K. For partnerships, this would be the total of lines 12, 13c(2), and 13d of federal Schedule K; and for S corporations, this would be the total of lines 11, 12c(2), and 12d of federal Schedule K. Do not include amounts provided for informational pass-through purposes only (for example: domestic production activities deduction amounts).

Charitable contributions (line 13a, Schedule K, Form 1065, or line 12a, Schedule K, Form 1120S) and investment interest expense (line 13b, Schedule K, Form 1065, or line 12b, Schedule K, Form 1120-S) may be included on line 5 of Form 106, but only if a composite return is being filed for the 4.63% tax of the nonresident partners or shareholders. Report deductions that are directly related to business operations. Deductions that are not directly related to business operations (e.g., charitable deductions) may not be deducted as part of the composite return. Partners that wish to calculate and claim the benefit of these deductions must do so by filing individual Colorado income tax returns and may not be included in the composite return.

#### Line 6 Colorado Marijuana Business Deduction

For Colorado-licensed marijuana businesses, list any expenditure that is eligible to be claimed as a federal income tax deduction but is disallowed by section 280E of the Internal Revenue Code because marijuana is a controlled substance under federal law.

To calculate this deduction, you must create pro forma federal schedule(s) for Business Profit or Loss as if the federal government would have allowed the expenditures from the marijuana business. The Colorado deduction shall be the difference between the profit/loss as calculated on the ACTUAL schedule(s) filed with the federal return and the

pro forma schedule(s) described above. You must attach both the pro forma schedule(s) and the actual schedule(s) to your Colorado return to receive this deduction.

**Line 7** To the extent of that which was included in the federal taxable income on line 4 enter the sum of the following:

- Any interest income earned on obligations of the United States government and any interest income earned on obligations of any authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States to the extent such obligations are exempt from state tax under federal law.
- The modification for foreign source income of an export taxpayer. If a partnership qualifies as an export taxpayer, it may exclude for Colorado income tax purposes any income or gain which constitutes foreign source income for federal income tax purposes. For purposes of this modification, an "export taxpayer" means any partnership which sells 50% or more of its products which are produced in Colorado in states other than Colorado or in foreign countries, or if the gross receipts of such partnership are derived from the performance of services, such services are performed in Colorado by a partner or employee of the partnership and fifty percent or more of such services provided by the partnership are sold or provided to persons outside of Colorado.
- To the extent included in federal taxable income, the excludable Colorado capital gain income for property acquired on or after May 9, 1994 and held for five or more years. See publication FYI Income 15 for information on what capital gains qualify for this subtraction.

Neither the C corporation foreign income exclusion or the partnership export taxpayer foreign source income modification may be claimed by an S corporation or passed through to its shareholders.

#### **Colorado Source Income**

Line 10 Enter the Colorado-source income. If part of the income is not Colorado-source income, see the instructions for Apportionment of Income. The Colorado income tax statute provides that in determining the source of a nonresident partner's income, no effect shall be given to a provision in the partnership agreement which characterizes payments to the partner as being for services or for the use of capital. Thus payments to partners, whether salaries or interest, shall be construed to be from Colorado sources and taxable by Colorado in the same ratio as is the ordinary income of the partnership.

The partnership will not normally determine income from Colorado sources for any corporate partner as the corporation will include its share of the partnership's income and factors in its own income and factors subject to allocation and apportionment.

#### **Composite Return**

Complete lines 11 through 31 of Form 106 only if a composite return is being filed for nonresident partners/shareholders/members.

**Line 11** Enter the Colorado-source income of the nonresident partners/shareholders/members who are included in the composite return.

**Line 12** Enter 4.63% of the Colorado-source income reported on line 11.

Line 13 Enter the tax credits from Form 106CR that are allocated to the nonresident partners/shareholders/members included in the composite return. Do not include any gross conservation easement credit (line 20), refundable or non-refundable Enterprise Zone credits (line 22 or line 14, respectively), certified auction group license fee credit (line 15), business personal property tax credit (line 23) or refundable innovative motor vehicle credit (line 21), which must be reported separately.

**Line 14** Enter non-refundable Enterprise Zone Credits from line 87 from the DR 1366.

**Line 15** Enter 20% of the portion of the purchase price that license plate auction group has certified as exceeding the fair market value of the registration number.

Line 18 Carefully review payment records before completing this line. Use Revenue Online (www.colorado. gov/revenueonline) to verify estimated taxes paid on the account. Doing so will reduce processing delays. Allow ample time to sign up for Revenue Access and to receive the Authentication Code for first time use. Enter the amount of credit for prepayments. Include the sum of the following on line 18:

- estimated tax payments for 2015
- any overpayment from 2014 that was carried forward to 2015
- extension payment(s)
- payments remitted with Form DR 1079 to satisfy withholding requirements for the sale of Colorado real estate

**Line 19** Enter the amount of withholdings reported on form W-2G made on lottery or gambling winnings. This is rare and will not apply to most taxpayers.

**Line 20** Enter the gross conservation easement credit available to the nonresident partners/shareholders included in the composite return from form DR 1305-G Line 33.

Line 21 Enter the innovative motor vehicle credit generated in 2015, from line 20, Form 106CR that was allocated to the non-resident partners/shareholders included in the composite return. This credit is refundable when generated in 2015 (can exceed the net tax on line 17). This credit is not refundable for credits carried forward from 2009 and earlier. If the pass-through entity is carrying forward any alternative fuel vehicle or innovative motor vehicle credits enter the amount on line 18 of the 106CR. We suggest that you read publication FYI Income 67.

**Line 22** Enter the amount of refundable renewable energy tax credit as calculated, or from Form DR 1366 line 88.

**Line 23** Business Personal Property Credit for composite return business owners.

This credit is only available if business personal property tax was paid to a Colorado county in 2015 and the business had business personal property of \$15,000 or less.

Submit a copy of the assessor's statement with your return. Table 1 – Match your taxable income amount from line 9 of the 106 form.

Amount from Form 106 line 9	Credit rate
\$0 - \$9,225	.8537
\$9,226 - \$37,450	.8037
\$37,451 - \$90,750	.7037
\$90,751 - \$189,300	.6737
\$189,301 - \$411,500	.6237
\$411,501 - \$413,200	.6037
\$413,201 and up	.5577

Business personal property credit calculation worksheet:

Enter the amount of business personal property tax paid in 2015 (Enter only the pro rata amount of tax paid by the composite members)	A
Enter the Credit Rate from Table 1 that corresponds with your Federal Taxable Income	В
Multiply line A times line B to calculate the credit allowed, enter on Form 106 line 23	

**Line 25** If 90% of the tax is not paid by the due date, you must add a delinquent payment penalty. The penalty is 5% of the additional tax due for the first month of delinquency and ½% for each additional month up to a maximum of 12%.

**Line 26** Interest is due on any unpaid tax balance paid after the due date. The interest rate is 3%, or 6% if we bill you and you do not pay within 30 days.

Line 27 The estimated tax penalty is computed for each partner or shareholder on form DR 0204. This penalty applies only when the tax due for an individual included in the composite filing is more than \$1,000. If this penalty is due, submit form DR 0204 for each individual who owes the penalty and enter the total penalty on line 28.

**Line 28** Enter the balance due, including any penalty or interest due from lines 25, 26, and 27.

**Line 29** If the credits on line 24 exceed the tax due on line 17, enter the amount of the overpayment on line 29.

**Line 30** Enter the amount from line 29 you want to credit to next year's estimated tax.

**Line 31** Enter the amount from line 29 you wish to have refunded at this time.

**Direct Deposit** – you have the option of authorizing a transaction by the Department to directly deposit these funds to your bank account. Otherwise, a refund check will be mailed to the address you have designated on this return. If you use Direct Deposit, you will receive your refund 1 to 2 weeks faster than if you wait for a paper check.

Enter the routing and account numbers and account type. The routing number is 9 digits. Account numbers can be up to 17 characters (numbers and/or letters). Include hyphens, but do NOT enter spaces or special symbols. We recommend that you contact your financial institution to ensure you are using the correct information and that they will honor a direct deposit.

**Intercepted Refunds** – the Department will intercept your refund if you owe back taxes or if you owe a balance to another Colorado government agency or the IRS.

### **Paid Preparer Authorization**

Designate whether the paid preparer can discuss this return with the Department. By completing this area of the return, you are granting the designee the ability to:

- Provide any missing information needed for the processing of your return; and
- Call the Department for information about your return, including the status of your refund or processing time; and
- Receive upon request copies of notices, bills, or transcripts related to your return; and
- Respond on your behalf to notices about math errors, intercepts, and questions about the preparation of your return.

This designation does not allow the third party to receive your refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the Colorado Department of Revenue. If you would like to expand the designee's authorization, complete Form DR 0145, Power of Attorney for Department Administered Tax Matters.

The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing the pass-through entity's 2015 tax return.



# **Automatic Filing Extension**

#### **General Information**

Colorado income tax returns are due the fifteenth day of the fourth month after the end of your tax year, or by April 18, 2016 for traditional calendar year filers. If you are unable to file by your prescribed due date, you may file under extension. This will allow you an additional 6 months to file your return, or until October 17, 2016 for traditional calendar year filers. However, the extension to file DOES NOT allow you to extend your payment due date. You must pay at least 90% of your tax liability by the original due date of your return (or April 18th) and the remainder by the filing extension due date (or October 17th) to avoid delinquent payment penalties.

#### **Penalties and Interest**

If the 90% rule is NOT met by the original due date, then delinquent penalty and interest will be assessed when you file your return. If 90% or more of your tax liability is paid by the original due date, and the remaining balance is paid by the extension due date, no penalty will be assessed. However, you will be billed interest, but only on the amount being paid by the extension due date.

If after the original due date, you determine that you underpaid your extension payment you should pay the additional tax as soon as possible to avoid further accumulation of penalty and/or interest.

#### Pay Online

Visit www.Colorado.gov/RevenueOnline to pay online. Online payments reduce errors and provide instant payment confirmation. Revenue Online also allows users to submit various forms and to monitor their tax account. A DR 0158-N is not required if an online payment is made. Please be advised that a nominal processing fee may apply to online payments.

#### Pay by Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT)

EFT Debit and EFT Credit options are free services offered by the department. EFT services require pre-registration before payments can be made. Visit www.Colorado.gov/revenue/eft for more information.

#### **Pass Through Entities**

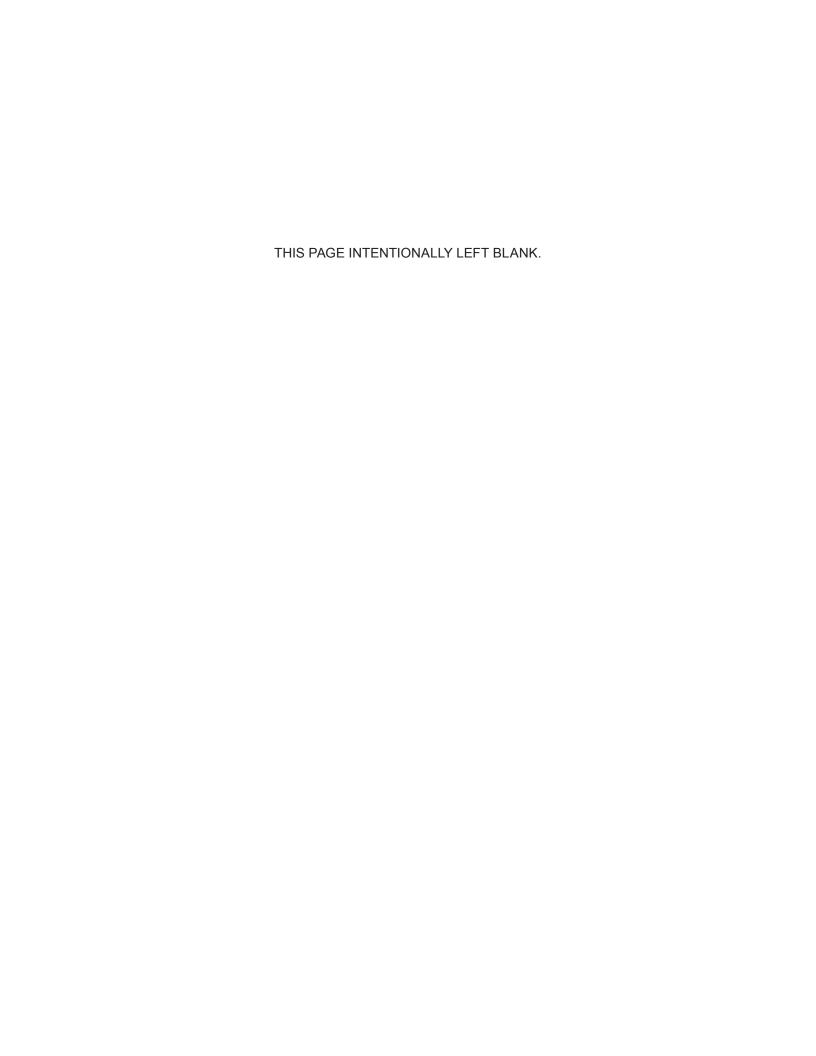
Use this form only if the entity intends to file a composite return and claim the extension payment against the tax reported on the composite return.



www.Colorado.gov/RevenueOnline

DR 0158-N (07/31/15)

80261-0008. Write your Colorado Account Number or Fede				
your check or money order. Do not send cash. Enclose, but	. ,			• 011
For the calendar year	2015 or the fiscal year			
Fiscal Year Start Date: (MM/DD/15)	Fiscal Year End Date: (MM/DD/YY)			
Name		Colorado A	ccount Number	
Address		FEIN		
City		State	ZIP	
If No Payment Is Due, Do Not File This Form.		Am	ount of Payment	
The State may convert your check to a one time electronic banking transaction. Your bank at day received by the State. If converted, your check will not be returned. If your check is rejective.				
Department of Revenue may collect the payment amount directly from your bank account electronically.				.00



Form 106 (12/04/15)

COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE Denver, CO 80261-0006

(0043)

# Colorado **Pass-Through Entity** and Composite Nonresident **Income Tax Form 106**



Fiscal Year Beginning (MM/DD/15): Ending (MM/DD/YY): Mark for Amended Return 150106 Name of Organization Colorado Account Number Doing Business As Federal Employer ID Number Address City State ZIP If you are attaching a statement disclosing a listed or reportable transaction, mark this box • A. This return is being filed for (mark one): Partnership S Corporation HC Association Non-Profit B. Beginning depreciable assets from federal return C. Ending depreciable assets from federal return D. Business or profession **E.** Date of organization or incorporation (MM/DD/YY) G. If the IRS has made any adjustments to your federal return or have you filed F. If this is a final return, mark this box amended federal returns during the last four years, mark this box Explain: H. Number of partners or shareholders as of year end Round to the Part I: Computation of Colorado Income nearest dollar **1.** Ordinary income from line 1 federal Schedule K 00 2. Total of all other income 00 3. Modifications increasing federal income 00 4. Total of lines 1, 2 and 3 00 **5.** Allowable deductions from federal Schedule K 5 00 00 **6.** Colorado Marijuana Business Deduction 7. Other modifications decreasing federal income • 7 00 8. Total of lines 5 through 7 00 9. Line 4 minus line 8 9 00 10. Colorado Source Income from (mark one): Part IV Other (attach explanation) Income is all Colorado Income 00 10 File at: www.Colorado.gov/RevenueOnline - or - Mail to and make checks payable to: Colorado Department of Revenue Denver, CO 80261-0006

# Form 106 Part II

Name	Account Number			
	/ Gooding realised			
Part II: Composite Nonresident Income Tax Return				
Do not complete lines 11–31 unless you are filing a composite nonr				
11. Colorado-source Income of nonresident partners/shareholders	_			
included in this composite filing	• 11	00		
<b>12.</b> Tax; 4.63% of the amount on line 11	• 12	00		
<b>13.</b> 106CR credits allocated to these partners/shareholders/members		00		
(exclude lines 19 through 22, and lines 25 through 26, Form 10	l l	00		
(57.518.80 11.100 10 11.100.91 22.11.10 11.100.91 23.11.100.91 20.11.100.91	3311)			
<b>14.</b> Non-refundable Enterprise Zone credits – as calculated, or from	DR 1366 line 87 • <b>14</b>	0.0		
<b>15.</b> Certified auction group license fee credit allocated to these				
partners/shareholders/members	● 15	0.0		
40 T. I. C. 40 44 145	40			
<b>16.</b> Total of lines 13, 14 and 15	16	0.0		
17. Net tax, line 12 minus line 16	17	0.0		
17. Net tax, line 12 minus line 10	17	00		
18. Estimated tax credits and extension payments	● 18	0.0		
Tot Estimated tax ordate and extension paymonic	<b>U</b> 10			
<b>19.</b> Withholding from lottery or gambling winnings	● 19	0.0		
20. Gross conservation easement credit allocated to these				
partners/shareholders/members, from DR 1305G Line 33	• 20	0.0		
21. Innovative Motor Vehicle Credit from line DR 0617 allocated to				
partners/shareholders/members	• 21	0.0		
22. Refundable Renewable Energy Tax Credit from line 88 of form	DR 1366 <b>● 22</b>	0.0		
23. Business Personal Property Credit: Use the worksheet in the D		00		
instructions to calculate, submit copy of assessor's statement	• 23	00		
modulations to substitute, submit supplies a substitute of statement	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			
24. Subtotal; add lines 18 to 23	24	0.0		
25. Penalty (include on Line 28)	● 25	0.0		
00 Interest (Seelingle on Line 00)				
26. Interest (include on Line 28)	● 26	0.0		
27. Estimated tax penalty (include on Line 28)	<b>● 27</b>	0.0		
27. Estimated tax penalty (include on Line 20)	<b>4</b> 21	00		
28. If line 17 is greater than line 24, enter amount owed	● 28	0.0		
29. Overpayment, line 24 minus line 17	29	0.0		
30. Overpayment to be credited to 2016 estimated tax	• 30	0.0		
31. Overpayment to be refunded I declare this return to be true, correct and complete under pe	• 31	0.0		

Declaration of preparer is based on all information of which preparer has any knowledge.



#### Form 106 Part II

Name	, , , ,	Account Number
Direct	Routing Number	Type: Checking Savings
Deposit	Account Number	
May the Colorado Depart below (see instructions)?		uss this return with the paid preparer shown  • Yes No
Signature of partner or signature	e and title of officer Da	te (MM/DD/YY)   Person or firm preparing return (name and phone number)   Date (MM/DD/YY)
The State may convert your check to a one ti	me electronic banking transaction. Your	bank account may be debited as early as the same day received by the State. If converted, your check will not be returned. If your



# Form 106 (12/04/15) COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE Form 106 Part III Denver CO 80261-0006

150106 49999	Do not submit federal K-1 schedules
Name	Account Number
Part III: Identification of Partners, Sha	
	eholder/member. DO NOT submit federal K-1 schedules.
Name of Partner, Shareholder or Member	SSN or Colorado Account Number
Address of Partner, Shareholder or Member	
	Profit/Loss or Stock Ownership Percentage
Composite 0107 Attached 0	0108 Filed
Name of Partner, Shareholder or Member	SSN or Colorado Account Number
Address of Partner, Shareholder or Member	
	Profit/Loss or Stock Ownership Percentage
Comments O407 Attached O4	
Composite 0107 Attached 0	0108 Filed
Name of Partner, Shareholder or Member	SSN or Colorado Account Number
Address of Partner, Shareholder or Member	
	Profit/Loss or Stock Ownership Percentage
Composite 0107 Attached 0	0108 Filed
·	
Name of Partner, Shareholder or Member	SSN or Colorado Account Number
Address of Partner, Shareholder or Member	
	Profit/Loss or Stock Ownership Percentage
Composite 0107 Attached 0	0108 Filed
Name of Partner, Shareholder or Member	SSN or Colorado Account Number
Address of Partner, Shareholder or Member	
	Profit/Loop or Stock Ownership Percentage
Comments O407 Attached O4	Profit/Loss or Stock Ownership Percentage
Composite 0107 Attached 0	0108 Filed
Name of Partner, Shareholder or Member	SSN or Colorado Account Number
Address of Partner, Shareholder or Member	
	Profit/Loss or Stock Ownership Percentage
Composite 0107 Attached 0	0108 Filed
Name of Partner, Shareholder or Member	SSN or Colorado Account Number
Address of Partner, Shareholder or Member	
•	
	Profit/Loss or Stock Ownership Percentage
Composite 0107 Attached 0	0108 Filed

Photocopy this page for additional partners as needed.



# Form 106 Part IV

Name	Account Number	
Part IV — Business Income Apportioned to Colorado  Do not send federal return forms or schedules with this return	by use of the Sales Factor	
1. Total modified federal taxable income from line 9, Part I, page 1,	Form 106 <b>1</b>	00
Business Income Apportioned to Colorado by use of the Sa		10.0
Include Foreign Source Revenues Modified from Line 7, Part I		
•	_	
Colorado	Total	
2. Gross sales of tangible		
personal property 2 • 00	00	
2 Ones revenue from comitors 2		
3. Gross revenue from services 3 • 00 •	00	
4. Gross rents and royalties from real property 4 ● 000	00	
from real property 4 • 00 • 5. Gross proceeds from sales	00	
of real property 5	00	
6. Taxable interest and dividend		
income 6 • 00	00	
7. Gain from the sale of intangible		
personal property 7 • 00	0 0	
8. Patent and copyright royalties 8 ● 00	00	
9. Revenue from the performance		
of purely personal services 9 • 00	00	
10. Total revenue (total of lines 2		
through 9 in each column) 10 00	0 0	
11. Line 10 (Colorado) divided by line 10 (Total)	%	
Complete Lines 12 and 15 only if nonbusiness income is bei If all income is being treated as business income, enter 0 (ze		
12. Less income directly allocable (Nonbusiness Income Only):	on Emes 12 and 10.	
<u> </u>		
(a) Net rents and royalties from real		
or tangible property	00	
/b) Canital aging and leage		
(b) Capital gains and losses	00	
(c) Interest and dividends	00	
(b) interest and dividends	00	
(d) Patents and copyright royalties •	00	
( ) 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		
(e) Other nonbusiness income •	00	
(f) Total income directly allocable [add lines (a)	through (e)]	00
42 Modified federal toyable income subject to appartianment by farmer	la line 1 less line 12	00
13. Modified federal taxable income subject to apportionment by formu	la, line 1 less line 12 13	00
14. Income apportioned to Colorado by formula, line 11 multiplied by	line 13 14	0.0



# Form 106 Part IV

Name	-		Account Number	
4E Addingsons	directly allocable to Calarada (Nambusinasa	Income Only)	, <u> </u>	
15. Add income (	directly allocable to Colorado (Nonbusiness (a) Net rents and royalties from			
	real or tangible property	•	00	
	(b) Capital gains and losses	•	0.0	
	(c) Interest and dividends	•	0.0	
	(d) Patents and copyright royalties	•	0.0	
	(e) Other nonbusiness income	•	0.0	
	(f) Total income directly allocable [add lir	ies (a) through	(e)] <b>15</b>	00
16. Total income	apportioned to Colorado, line 14 plus line 15	5. Enter on line	10,	
Part I, page 1	1, Form 106		16	00
	ant to §39-22-303.5(6) C.R.S., taxpayer elections income as business income for the tax		Date (MM/DD/YY)	

#### Instructions For Form 106CR

**In general, Colorado credits** may be passed through from partnerships, and S corporations to the partners, or shareholders. Normally the potential credit is passed through and it is up to the partner or shareholder to determine his or her own limitations.

Some credits may be claimed only by individuals, estates or trusts where others may be claimed only by C corporations. Other credits may be available to all taxpayers. Credits allocated to some partners or shareholders cannot be redistributed to other partners or shareholders. For example, if a partnership consisted of a C corporation and an individual, the individual partner's share of the partnership's new investment tax credit could not be claimed by the corporation even though the individual partner is not allowed to use it.

#### **Credit For Tax Paid Other States**

Colorado resident S corporation shareholders may claim credit for their share of any net income tax paid to another state by the corporation when the other state does not recognize the S corporation election. Complete a separate Form 106CR for each state to which tax was paid. Advise each Colorado resident shareholder of his or her share of the corporate income from sources in the other state and his or her share of the tax paid.

**The Old Investment Tax Credit** is 10% of the tentative current year federal internal revenue code section 46 credit on assets located in Colorado and may be claimed only by C corporations (this would apply in the case of a partnership with a C corporation partner). See publication FYI Income 12.

**The New Investment Tax Credit** is basically 1% of the qualified investment in tangible personal property used in a trade or business in Colorado. This credit may be claimed only by C corporations. A credit is available for certain interstate trucks purchased on or after July 1, 2013. See publication FYI Income 12.

**All Other Credits** entered on lines 7 through 26 are available to all taxpayers. See the following FYI publications, which are available online at www.TaxColorado.com for additional information:

Historic property preservation	Income 1
Child care contribution	Income 35
Child care center family care home investment	Income 7
Employer child care investment	Income 7
School-to-career investment	Income 32
Enterprise zone credits	Income 10, 12, 22, 23, 24, 31 and 36

Colorado works program	Income 34
Remediation of Contaminated Land	Income 42
Low-income housing	Income 46
Aircraft manufacturer new employee	Income 62
Job growth incentive	Income 66
Colorado Advanced Industries - contact the Colorado Economic Development Commission. A credit certificate issued by the Commission must be submitted with any return claiming this credit.	
Alternative fuel refueling facility	Income 9
Nonrefundable alternative fuel vehicle	Income 9
Gross conservation easement	Income 39
Refundable innovative motor vehicle	Income 67

# **Business Personal Property Credit for Composite Return Business Owners**

This credit is only available if business personal property tax was paid to a Colorado county in 2015 and the business had business personal property of \$15,000 or less.

Submit a copy of the assessor's statement with your return.

Table 1 – Match your taxable income amount from line 9 of the 106 form.

Amount from Form 106 line 9	Credit rate
\$0 - \$9,225	.8537
\$9,226 - \$37,450	.8037
\$37,451 - \$90,750	.7037
\$90,751 - \$189,300	.6737
\$189,301 - \$411,500	.6237
\$411,501 - \$413,200	.6037
\$413,201 and up	.5577

Business personal property credit calculation worksheet:

Enter the amount of business personal property tax paid in 2015 (the total amount of business personal property tax paid by the partnership)	A
Enter the Credit Rate from Table 1 that corresponds with your Federal Taxable Income	В
Multiply line A times line B to calculate the credit allowed, enter on Form 106CR line 26	



Form 106CR (10/06/15)

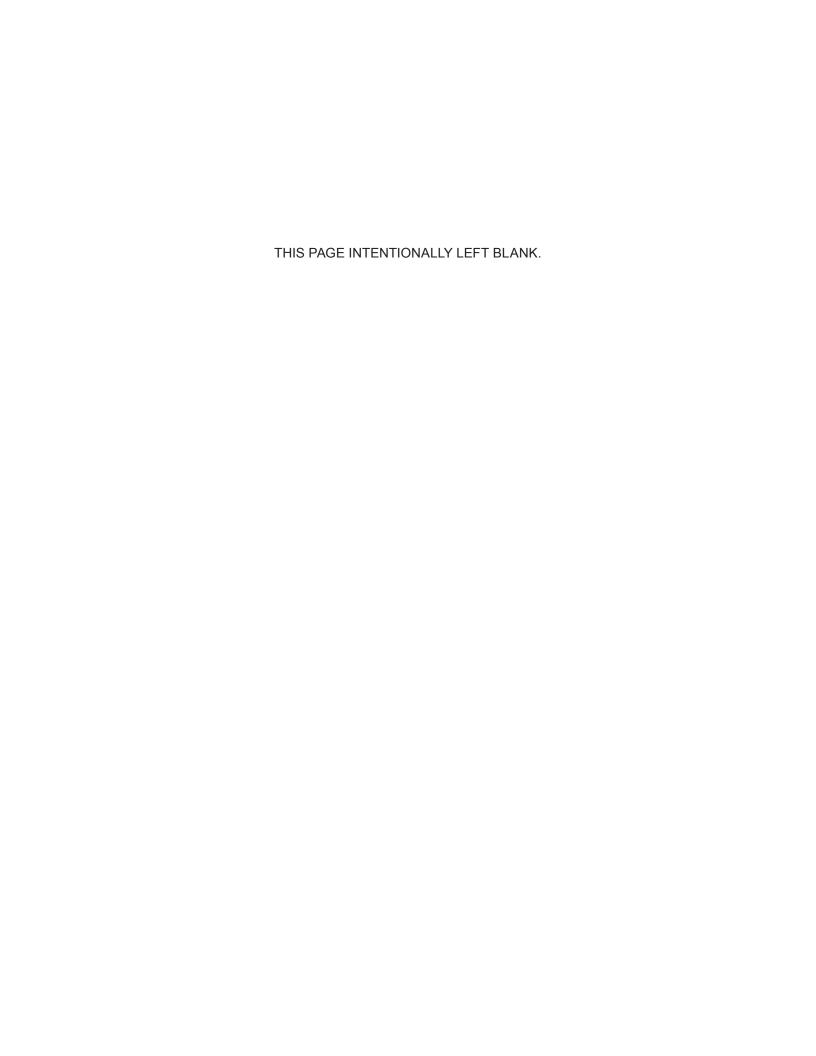
2015

COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE Denver, CO 80261-0006

Colorado Pass-Through **Entity Credit Form** 

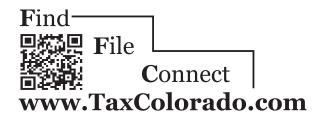
Form 106CR

Organization Name Colorado Account Number Credit for Tax Paid to Another State by an S-Corporation Amounts to be Distributed 1. Name of State \$ 2. Income from sources in the other state **3.** Tax liability to other state 00 The New Investment Credit \$ **4.** Qualifying current year investment 5. 1% of the amount on line 4 00 Other Credits 6. Old investment tax credit 00 • 6 7. Historic property preservation credit 00 • 7 8. Child care contribution credit 8 00 9. Child care center family care home investment credit 00 9 **10.** Employer child care investment credit 10 00 11. School-to-career investment credit 00 **12.** Colorado works program credit • 12 00 Remediation of contaminated land credit (Submit authorization from CDPHE) 13 00 14. Aircraft manufacturer new employee credit 00 • 14 **15.** Colorado job growth incentive credit 15 00 **16.** Credit for advanced industries • 16 00 **17.** Alternative fuel refueling facility credit 00 17 18. Nonrefundable alternative fuel vehicle credit carryforward 18 00 19. Gross Conservation Easement Credit from DR 1305 Line 16 00 19 20. Innovative Motor Vehicle Credit from form DR 0617 00 20 **21.** Certified auction group license fee credit • 21 00 22. Non-refundable Enterprise Zone credits – as calculated, or from DR 1366 line 87 00 22 **23.** Low-income housing credit, submit CHFA certification 23 00 **24.** Credit for food contributed to hunger-relief charitable organizations, submit Form(s) DR 0346 • 24 00 25. Refundable Enterprise Zone Credits - as calculated, or from 25 00 DR 1366 line 88 26. Business Personal Property Credit: Use the worksheet in the DR 106 Book instructions to calculate, submit copy of assessor's statement 0.0 26



# COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE Denver CO 80261-0006 www.TaxColorado.com

# **GO GREEN! GO ONLINE!**



# Forms, Information and e-Services

#### **Find Information**

- → Review tax publications
- → Learn how to file and pay
- → Download forms
- → View Education and Legal Research resources



# www.Colorado.gov/RevenueOnline

#### **Manage your Account**

- ➡ File a return
- → Make a payment
- → View letters and bills
- → Send a Secure Message to the department

More services and information available. GO ONLINE TODAY!

FYIs are available at www.TaxColorado.com